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## Empresa de Energía de Bogotá S.A. E.S.P.- and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2013 and Independent Auditors' Report.

## Deloitte.

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of EMPRESA DE ENERGÍA DE BOGOTÁ S.A. E.S.P.- EEB S.A. E.S.P.:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of EMPRESA DE ENERGÍA DE BOGOTÁ S.A. E.S.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES (the "Companies"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2012 and 2013, and the income statements, statements of changes in shareholders' equity, changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended (all expressed in millions of Colombian pesos and thousands of U.S. dollars), and the summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Colombia. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Colombia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements

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in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Companies as of December 31, 2012 and 2013, and the results of their operations, the changes in their financial position and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Colombia.

Our audits also comprehended the translation of the Colombian peso amounts into U.S. dollar amounts and, in our opinion, such translation has been made in conformity with the basis stated in Note 1. The translation of the financial statement amounts into U.S. dollars and the translation of the financial statements into English have been made solely for the convenience of the readers in the United States of America.

Deloitte & Touche Ltda.

February 27, 2014

Bogotá, Colombia

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2013
(Expressed in millions of Colombian pesos (Col\$) and thousands of U.S. dollars (U.S.\$) - see Note 1).

ASSETS			Note	Dec	ember 31, 2012	December 31, 2013			
CURRENT ASSE	TS:								
Cash and cash equ			2	ColS	437.520	ColS	1.284.129	U.S.S	666.446
Restricted cash					7.114		7.752		4.023
Temporary investr	nents	100	3		219.284		364.035		188.929
Accounts receivab		-2	4		577.582		642.452		333.424
Inventories			5		212.426		100.183		51.994
Prepaid expenses a	and other assets		8		4.718	5 <u>14</u>	20.023	8	10.392
Total current asse	ets				1.458.644		2.418.574		1.255.208
LONG-TERM AC	COUNTS RECEIVABLE		4		99.125		168,782		87.596
PROPERTY, PLA	ANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET		6		3.493.970		3.753.482		1.948.009
PERMANENT IN	IVESTMENTS		7		1.767.332		1,810,915		939.842
OTHER ASSETS	. NET		8		2.925.342		3.311.098		1.718.417
REVALUATION			9		4.945.317		5.348.411		2.775.757
Total assets	0.1002.0			ColS	14.689.730	Col\$	16.811.262	U.S.\$	8.724.829
	A ACCOUNTS		24		2,309.805	Col\$	2.490.635	U.S.S	1.292.608
MEMORANDUN			24	Cols	2,307,803	Cots =	2.490.033	0.5.5	1.272.000
	ND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUIT	TY							
CURRENT LIAB			1000	C-15	250 202	ColS	124,456	U.S.\$	64,591
Financial obligation			.10	ColS	259.393	C013	11.306	U.S.5	5.868
Hedging instrume			11		290.553		318.998		165.556
Accounts payable			12		22.762		25.776		13,377
Labor obligations			**		13.086		17.159		8,905
	half of third parties		14		50.528		65.259		33.869
Provisions			16		32,639		31.091		16.136
970	ension obligations		16		4.256		4,256		2.209
Other liabilities	entary to retirement pensions		10		502	, ,	9.464		4.912
Total current liab	bilities				673.719		607.765	_	315.423
LONG-TERM LI	IABILITIES:								
Financial obligati	ions		10		2.944.596		4,194.041		2.176.653
Hedging instrume	ents		11		240.013		220.203		114.283
Accounts payable			12		70.255		13.815		7.170
	ension obligations		16		272.213		260.639		135.268
	entary to retirement pensions		16		31.263		37.291		19.354
Provisions			15		85.333		73.243		38.012
Other liabilities			17		175.333	£2.	212,203		110.131
Total long-term l	iabilities				3.819.006	-	5,011,435	2	2.600.871
Total liabilities					4.492,725		5.619.200	-	2.916.294
Minority interest					1.202.345	(% <del>-</del>	1.386,102	_	719.369
SHAREHOLDE	RS' EQUITY:		19		400.111		402 111		255,399
Capital stock					492.111		492.111 837.799		434.807
Additional paid-i	in capitai				837.799 1,718.207		2.005.303		1.040.726
Reserves					690,701		843.560		437.797
Net income	od susselius				6.655		6.655		3.454
Donations-in-kin					4.713.620		5,084.965		2.639.031
Surplus from rev Equity revaluation	raluation of assets on				535.567		535.567		277.952
Total shareholde					8.994.660		9.805.960		5.089.166
Total liabilities a	and shareholders' equity			ColS	14.689.730	ColS	16,811,262	U.S.\$	8.724.829
					2.309.805	ColS	2.490.635	U.S.\$	1,292,608

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

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FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2013

(Expressed in millions of Colombian pesos (Col\$) and thousands of U.S. dollars (U.S.\$), except for net income per share - see Note 1).

		Note	Dec	cember 31, 2012		Dec	ember 31, 20	13
OPERATING REVENUES: Energy transmission services Energy distribution services Natural gas transportation services Natural gas distribution services	īg		Col\$	104.889 283.813 702.309 494.094	Col\$	105.673 286.529 874.645 691.674	U.S.\$	54.843 148.705 453.929 358.970
			_	1.585.105	-	1.958.521		1.016.447
COST OF SALES:		20						
Energy transmission services Energy distribution services Natural gas transporation services Natural gas distribution services			_	(52.877) (240.856) (304.730) (428.124)	10-	(78.966) (251.080) (383.028) (637.482)		(40.982) (130.307) (198.787) (330.845)
			_	(1.026.587)		(1.350.556)		(700.921)
Gross margin			_	558.518		607.965	-	315.526
Dividends and interest earned		7		585.498		920.121		477.531
Exchange differences Other income		21	<u>=</u>	219.365 79.139		(219.917) 130.632		(114.134) 67.796
			-	884.002		830.836		431.193
Administrative expenses		22 23		(168.555)		(157.085)		(81.525)
Financial expenses Other expenses		20	_	(381.041)		(231.251) (14.896)	2	(120.016) (7.731)
			_	(560.830)	,	(403.232)		(209.272
Income before income tax and minority interest Income tax		18		881.690 (74.432)		1.035.569 (127.849)		537.447 (66.352)
Income before minority interest Minority interest			_	807.258 (116.557)	1	907.720 (64.160)		471.095 (33.298
NET INCOME			Col\$	690.701	ColS	843.560	U.S.S	437.797
Number of shares			100	9.181.177.017	. *	9.181.177.017		9.181.177.017
Net income per share			ColS	75,23	Col\$	91,88	U.S.\$	47,68

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2013 (Expressed in millions of Colombian peacs (Col5) and thousands of U.S. dollars (U.S.\$) - see Note 1).

					-					Reserv	es														
		Capital stock		Additional paid-in capital		Legal		For renabilitation, extension and replacement of systems		For equity melnod		Occasionals	Avaliable to the shareholders		Total	Ne	et income	Accumulated results	Donations- in-kind surplus		Surplus from revaluation of assets		Equity revaluation		Total Shareholders' equity
BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011	ColS	492.111	Cols	837,799	Cols	332.495	Col5	125 696	Cols	682,249	ColS	18.090 Col\$	574.347	ColS	1.732.877 C	ColS	305.294 Cols	- Cols	6.655	ColS	4.403.648	Cols	535 567	ColS	'x.313 951
Transfers Reserves release				12						65.371		6.363	19.015 (105.419)		90.749		(305,294)	214.545 105.419			0				*
Dividends Changes to valuation surplus						92 5e												(319.964)			309.972		1		(319.964)
Net income		85		10				5		1.50		828	50		53		690.701	3.5	- 4		209.912				309.972 690.701
BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012	Cols	492.111	ColS	837.799	Cols	332.495	Cols	125.696	ColS	747.620	Cols	24.453 Col5	487.943	Cols	1.718.207 C	ol\$	690.701 Cel\$	- Cols	6.655	ColS	4.713.620	Cols	535.567	ColS	8,994,660
Transfers Dividends Changes to valuation surplus		•				:		1		239.534		6.754	40.808		287 096		(690.701)	403.605 (403.605)	÷						(403.605)
Net income				1		9		ā.		1			:				843.5G0	*			371.345				371 345 #43,560
BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013	ColS	492 111	Cols	837.799	Col\$	332.495	ColS	125.696	Col\$	987.154	Cols	31.207 Colf	528.751	Cols	2 005 303 C	ol\$	K43.560 Col\$	, Cols	o 6 <b>5</b> 5	ColS	5.084.965	Cols	535.567	ColS	9:805-966
BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013	USS	255.399	USS	434.807	USS	172,561	USS	65.235	USS	512.320	USS	16.196 LISS	274.415	uss	1.040.727 U	SS	437.797 USS	- USS	3.454	USS	2.639.031	USS	277.952	USS	5.089 jat

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2013

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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(Expressed in millions of Colombian pesos (Col\$) and thousands of U.S. dollars (U.S.\$) - see Note 1).

	Decemb	December 31, 2012			December 31, 2013				
WORKING CAPITAL PROVIDED:									
Net income	Col\$	690.701	ColS	843.560	U.S.S	437.797			
Depreciation and amortization		225.571		207.241		107.555			
Exchange differences		(194.765)		(24.848)		(12.896			
Recoveries and provisions		(3.557)		3.877		2.012			
Retirement pension expense		(14.336)		(3.304)		(1.715)			
Gain on sale of assets		(2.149)		(1.678)		(871			
Valuation of investments at market value		(18.191)		(4.087)		(2.121			
Deferred tax		6.485		31.070		16.125			
Hedging instruments		56.733		13.077		6.787			
Equity tax		38.047		37.597		19.513			
Minority interest		116.557		(64.160)		(33.298			
Working capital provided by operations		901.096		1.038.345		538.888			
Decrease in long-term accounts receivable		25.991		120		9			
Decrease in permanent investments		253.969		100 mm					
Decrease in other assets		187.681		20.353		10.563			
Increase in financial obligations		99.139		1.216.558		631.378			
Increase in other liabilities				5.800		3.010			
Increase in labor obligations		12		17.753		9.214			
Increase in minority interest			1	216.168		112.188			
Total working capital provided		1.467.876		2.514.977		1.305.241			
WORKING CAPITAL USED:									
Increase in long-term accounts receivable				(65,351)		(33.916			
Increase in permanent investments				(18.707)		(9.709)			
Increase in property, plant and equipment		(1.231.435)		(441.165)		(228.959)			
Increase in other assets		(20.195)		(491.735)		(255.204)			
Decrease in accounts payable		(43.105)		(56.440)		(29.292			
Decrease in provisions		(8.137)		(12.090)		(6.274			
Decrease in other liabilities		(9.338)				_			
Decrease in minority interest		(2.254)		massama (**)					
Dividends paid	( <del>)                                   </del>	(319.964)		(403.605)	-	(209.466)			
Total working capital used	1	(1.634.428)	l <del>.</del>	(1.489.093)	***************************************	(772.820)			
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN WORKING CAPITAL	Col\$	(166.552)	ColS	1.025.884	U.S.\$	532.421			
CHANGES IN COMPONENTS OF WORKING CAPITAL:									
Cash and cash equivalents	Col\$	(435.640)	Col\$	846.609	U.S.\$	439.379			
Restricted cash		(733)		638		331			
Temporary investments		147.032		144.751		75.124			
Accounts receivable, net		68.820		64.870		33.667			
Inventories		108.643		(112.243)		(58.252)			
Prepaid expenses and other assets		35		3.266		1.695			
Other assets		(3.019)		12.039		6.248			
Financial obligations		28.416		123.631		64.163			
Accounts payable		(69.897)		(28.445)		(14.763)			
Labor obligations		(3.529)		(3.014)		(1.564)			
Collections on behalf of third parties		(1.506)		(4.073)		(2.114)			
Provisions		(4.942)		(14.731)		(7.645)			
Retirement and pension obligations		(103)		1.548		803			
Other liabilities	Vancous and a	(129)		(8.962)		(4.651)			
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN WORKING CAPITAL	ColS	(166.552)	ColS	1.025.884	U.S.\$	532.421			

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

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FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2013

(Expressed in millions of Colombian pesos (Col\$) and thousands of U.S. dollars (U.S.\$) - see Note 1).

	_	December 31, 2012		Decer	nber 31, 2	013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Net income	ColS	690.701	ColS	843.560	U.S.S	437.797
Reconciliation between net income and net cash provided by operating activities:	Colo	0,0,10,1	Colo	0.13.300	0.0.0	137.737
Depreciation and amortization		227.387		209.448		108.701
Exchange differences		(219.822)		220.696		114.538
Recoveries and provisions		12.249		17.628		9.149
Retirement pension expense		(14.233)		(10.564)		(5.483
Gain on sale of assets		(2.149)		(1.678)		(871
Valuation of investments at market value		(18.191)		(4.087)		(2.121
Equity tax		38.047		37.597		19.512
Deferred tax		6.485		31.070		16.125
Hedging instruments		56.733		13.077		6.787
Minority interest	_	116.557	8.9	(64.160)	_	(33.298
		893.764		1.292.587		670.836
Changes in assets and liabilities of operation, net:						
Restricted cash		733		(638)		(331
Accounts receivable		(38.240)		(147.811)		(76.712
Inventories		(109.124)		110.545		57.371
Other assets		(11.082)		(7.328)		(3.803
Accounts payable		27.267		(31.009)		(16.093
Labor obligations		3.529		19.219		9.974
Collections on behalf of third parties		1.506		4.073		2.114
Provisions		(3.195)		3.859		2.003
Other liabilities		(9.209)		14.762		7.661
Minority interest	_	(2.254)	10-	216.168	_	112.188
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	753.695	Q.	1.474.427	_	765.208
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Increase in property, plant and equipment		(1.231.436)		(441.165)		(228.959
Decrease (increase) in other assets		180.389		(480.929)		(249.596
Decrease (increase) in investments	( <del>-</del>	106.914	27	(162.233)	-	(84.196
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(944.133)		(1.084.327)	* <del></del>	(562.751
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Dividends paid		(319.964)		(403.605)		(209.466)
Increase of financial obligations	_	74.762	8	860.114	S	446.388
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	1 <del></del>	(245.202)	87	456.509	8 <del></del>	236.922
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH		(435.640)		846.609		439.379
		072.160		437.520		227.067
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	1	873.160			-	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2013

(Expressed in millions of Colombian pesos (Col\$) and thousands of US Dollars (US\$), except as otherwise noted).

## 1. OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES

Operations - Pursuant to Law 142 of 1994 and Decree 01 of 1996 issued by the District Council, on May 31, 1996 Empresa de Energia de Bogotá S.A. E.S.P. was transformed from an industrial and commercial government company at a district level into a stock corporation. Empresa de Energia de Bogotá S.A. E.S.P. (hereinafter EEB or together with its subsidiaries, the "Company") transformed into a public utilities company under Law 142.

The main corporate purpose of the Company is the generation, transmission, distribution and commercialization of energy, including gas and liquid fuels, in all its forms. Likewise, it can participate as partner or stockholder in other public utility companies either directly or through association with other investors. Currently, the Company undertakes operating activities related to the transmission of energy and has a portfolio of investments in the energy sector.

The affiliates in Peru are governed by the Organic Hydrocarbon Law, number 26221, enacted on August 19, 1993, and the Law for the Promotion of the Development of the Natural Gas Industry, number 27133, enacted on November 18, 1999 and its regulation, approved by means of D.S. 040-99-EM, which establishes the specific conditions for the promotion of the development of the natural gas industry. On the other hand, they are supervised by the Energy and Mining Investment Supervising Body – OSINERGMIN (its acronym in Spanish), which ensures the quality and efficiency of the service provided to the user and monitors fulfillment of the obligations entered into by the concessionaires in the concession contracts, as well as of the legal devices and technical standards in force.

The affiliates in Guatemala are governed by the Legal Framework established by the General Law on Electricity (Decree 93-96 issued by the Congress of the Republic of Guatemala), enacted on November 15, 1996, the Regulation of the General Law on Electricity (Accord 256-97 dated April 2, 1997, reformed by means of Accord 68-2007) and the Regulation for the Administrator of the Wholesale Market – AMM (its acronym in Spanish) – (Accord 299-98 dated June 1, 1998, reformed by means of Accord 69-2007).

The Ministry of Mines and Energy – MEM (its acronym in Spanish) – is the State body responsible for the formulation and coordination of the State policies and plans, as well as the indicative programs related to the Electrical Sub-sector, and with the application of the Law and its Regulation.

Summary of significant accounting policies and practices – These financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Colombia, or Colombian GAAP. The effects of the differences between Colombian GAAP and the accounting principles generally accepted in the countries in which these financial statements are to be used have not been quantified. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations, shareholders' equity or eash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the countries of users of the financial statements, other than Colombia. For the convenience of English language readers outside Colombia, the financial statements have been translated into English.

The main accounting policies and practices followed by the Company are summarized below:

a. Consolidation – The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Empresa de Energía de Bogota S.A. E.S.P. consolidated with its subsidiaries, applying the method of global consolidation, which consists of incorporating into the consolidated financial statements, all assets, liabilities, equity and results of the subsidiaries, with the elimination of the investments and the reciprocal operations. All significant operations between related companies were eliminated in the consolidation.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Empresa de Energía de Bogotá S.A. E.S.P. and subsidiaries:

- Transportadora de Gas Internacional S.A. E.S.P. ("TGI") and its subsidiary TGI
  International Ltd. TGI is a Colombian stock corporation (sociedad anonima) organized
  as a public services company (empresa de servicios públicos) under the laws of
  Colombia and engaged in the transportation of natural gas.
- Distribuidora Eléctrica de Cundinamarca S.A. E.S.P. ("DECSA") and its subsidiary Empresa de Energía de Cundinamarca S.A. E.S.P. - ("EEC"), are Colombian stock corporations (sociedades anónimas) organized as public services companies (empresas de servicios públicos) under the laws of Colombia and engaged in the distribution and commercialization of electricity.
- Contugás S.A.C. is a stock corporation organized under the laws of Perú and engaged in the distribution and commercialization of natural gas.
- Transportadora de Energia de Centroamérica S.A. ("TRECSA"), is a stock corporation organized under the laws of Guatemala and engaged in the transmission of electricity.
- EEB Perú Holdings Ltd., and its subsidiary Gas Natural de Lima y Callao S.A. ("CALIDDA"), is a stock corporation organized under the laws of Perú and are engaged in the distribution and transportation of natural gas.
- EEB International Ltd. and TGI International Ltd. were incorporated in the Cayman Islands in order to serve as investment vehicles.

- EEB Ingenieria y Servicios S.A. was incorporated in Guatemala on April 7, 2011 and is dedicated to the rendering of consulting services for electricity projects.
- EEBGAS Ltd. was incorporated in the Cayman Island on May 2012, which receives the assets, liabilities and equity owned in AEI Promigás Ltd., AEI Promigás Holdings Ltd. and AEI Promigás Investments Ltd.
- EEB GAS S.A.S. was incorporated in Colombia on October 27, 2012, which purpose is to merge with EEBGAS Ltd. and nationalize the investment in PROMIGÁS S.A. E.S.P.
- EEB Ingenieria y Servicios Peru SAC was incorporated in Perú on June 25, 2013, which purpose is the rendering of complementary services in the sectors of hydrocarbons and/or transportation of hydrocarbons by ducts, as well as distribution of natural gas and transmission of electric power in Peru.
- EEB Energy Re LTD was incorporated on January 7, 2013 in Bermuda, which purpose
  is the global negotiation of the Group's insurance.

Selected information from the individual balance sheets and income statements of EEB and its consolidated entities as of December 31, 2012 and 2013 and for the years then ended are as follows:

#### December 31, 2012

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	Total assets	Total liabilities	Shareholders equity	Operating revenues	Net income (loss)
EEB S.A. E.S.P.	10,777,728	1,783,068	8,994,660	102,685	690,701
TGI S.A. E.S.P. and subsidiary	5,087,324	2,467,175	2,620,149	702,309	247,680
EEB International Ltd.	2		2	-	
DECSA E.S.P. and subsidiary	549,094	248,244	300,850	283,813	23,977
Contugás S.A.C.	389,637	234,200	155,437	1,429	(12,843)
Trecsa S.A.	317,157	35,279	281,878		(159)
EEB Perù Holdings Ltd. and	95-9009895-000	000 000000	575.5778.70376.		3475254.7
subsidiary	870,435	595,641	274,794	492,665	34.167
EEB Ingeniería y Servicios S.A.	374	4	370		(89)
EEBGAS Ltd.	554,451	97	554,451	(0.00)	24,595
EEB GAS S.A.S.	5	92	5		-

#### December 31, 2013

	Total assets	Total liabilities	Shareholders equity	Operating revenues	Net income (loss)
EEB S.A. E.S.P.	11,867,211	2,061,251	9,805,960	105,672	843,560
TGI S.A. E.S.P. y filial EEB International Ltd.	5,739,840	2,700,529	3,039,311	874,645	130,067
DECSA E.S.P. y filial	602,065	295,134	306,931	286,529	17,278

	Total assets	Total liabilities	Shareholders equity	Operating revenues	Net income (loss)
Contugás S.A.C.	674,538	545,387	129,151	5,727	(39,019)
Treesa S.A.	566,424	249,586	316,838	2500	(12,239)
EEB Perú Holdings Ltd. y filial	1,309,345	962,879	346,466	685,947	17,565
EEBIS Guatemala S.A.	56,954	55,744	1,210	22.22.24.95g	(571)
EEB GAS S.A.S. 2	589,757	1,001	588,756	12	50,420
EEB Energy Re. Ltd.	7,674	6.419	1,255	39	994
EEBIS Perú S.A.C.	3	83	(80)	- 2	(79)

The following table summarizes the minority shareholders' interest:

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	% 2012	% 2013		2012		2013
TGI S.A. E.S.P. DECSA S.A. E.S.P. and subsidiary Trecsa S.A. E.S.P. EEB Perú Holdings Ltd. and subsidiary	31.95% 49.00% 4.56% 40.00%	31.95% 49.00% 4.71% 40.00%	Col\$	837,162 209,120 12,851 143,212	ColS	971,088 213,587 14,931 186,496
			Cols	1,202,345	Cols	1,386,102

- b. Accounting period The Company, in accordance with its by-laws, prepares and discloses general purpose financial statements once a year, as of December 31st. During the year, the board of directors may authorize other interim closings of the financial statements.
- Functional currency According to legal provisions, the functional currency of the Company is the Colombian peso.
- d. Foreign currency transactions Foreign currency transactions and balances denominated in a currency other than the Colombian peso are translated into Colombian pesos at the official exchange rate (Tasa Representativa del Mercado) as certified by the Colombian Financial Superintendency. Exchange gains and losses resulting from accounts payable and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that resulted from the acquisition of inventories and property, plant and equipment are capitalized until the asset is in condition to be used or sold. All other exchange gains and losses are included in operations. The official year-end exchange rates (Col\$/US\$) used to translate the foreign currency assets and liabilities were:

#### Per US\$1,00

December 31, 2012	ColS	1,768.23
December 31, 2013		1,926.83

- Temporary investments Temporary investments are initially recorded at cost and subsequently updated based on the Internal Rate of Return (IRR).
- f. Allowance for doubtful accounts Represents the estimated amount needed to provide adequate protection against normal credit losses.

- g. Inventories Inventories are recorded at cost. The cost is determined based upon the average-cost method. A provision is recorded to reduce obsolete and slow-moving inventories to net realizable value.
- h. Property, plant and equipment, net -

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EEB and EEC – Property, plant and equipment are valued at cost, adjusted for inflation through December 31, 2001.

TGI - The property, plant and equipment acquired from Ecogás are valued at net replacement cost as determined by a technical appraisal made as of February 16, 2007. Subsequent acquisition of property, plant and equipment is recorded at historical cost. Transcogás assets transferred to TGI as a result of a merger which occurred in 2010 are recorded at cost and adjusted for inflation through December 31, 2005.

Depreciation is computed applying the straight-line method over the estimated useful life. Annual depreciation rates applied are the following:

	EEB	TGI	DECSA- EEC	EEB PERU- CALIDDA
Buildings	2%	2% to 6.67%	2%	12
Gas pipelines	50	1.37% to 50%	101	3.3% to 10%
Plants, ducts and stations	4% to 10%	0.83% to 14.29%	6.60%	2
Transmission network, lines and cables	2% to 4%	£	4%	
Machinery and equipment	6.60%	2.13% to 20%	6.60%	10%
Scientific equipment	10%		300000	* 2000000
Furniture and fixtures	10%	4.35% to 100%	10%	10%
Communication equipment	10%	2.04% to 100%	10%	(A)
Computer equipment	20%	5.56% to 100%	20%	25%
Transportation equipment	20%	5%	10%	20%
Other equipment	10%	20% to 50%		10%

For accounting purposes, the Company does not estimate any salvage value for their assets since it deems such value to be relatively immaterial; consequently, assets are fully depreciated.

Maintenance and repair expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Retirement, sales and disposals of assets are recorded by removing the cost and accumulated depreciation from the asset and accumulated depreciation accounts with any related gain or loss reflected in other non-operating income or expense.

i. Revaluation of assets – Corresponds to the difference between the net carrying value of assets and their value determined by technical appraisals. Such revaluation of assets is recorded in the non-current assets account "Revaluation of assets" with the offsetting entry credited to the shareholders' equity account "Surplus from revaluation of assets". Assets are revalued under Colombian GAAP every three years based on technical appraisals. Revaluations are performed on specific asset groups. If the revaluation results in a decrease

in the carrying value of the assets, the charge is first recorded against any surplus associated with the individual assets or class of assets, and any decrease in excess of the existing surplus is charged against income.

This account also includes differences between the cost of permanent investments and their value under the equity book value "valor intrinseco".

j. Permanent investments – All investments made in shares of controlled companies are consolidated. Investments made in non-controlled companies are recorded at their acquisition cost. If the investee is not controlled by any other member in the group, the investment is valued at market value, if available, or at the Company's participation in the carrying value of equity of the investee, if market value information is not available. This adjustment is recognized through "Revaluation of assets" with a corresponding entry to "Surplus from revaluation of assets". If the adjustment is unfavorable, once the surplus account in equity is exhausted, the excess is recognized within results.

#### k. Other assets -

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Deferred charges - Correspond mainly to costs incurred in the purchase of software and certain investment projects, which are being amortized using the straight-line method over five and twenty years, respectively.

Goodwill - Corresponds to the difference between the amount paid by EEB and the net carrying value of the net assets acquired. Goodwill is amortized using the straight-line method over an estimated life of 20 years.

TGI

#### Rights -

- Rights paid for Ecogás Corresponds to the difference between the amount paid by TGI and the net fair value of the assets, rights and contracts acquired in the Ecogás acquisition. They are amortized using the straight-line method over an estimated life of 65 years.
- Other intangible assets from BOMT contracts Corresponds to the net replacement cost of the construction portion of every pipeline asset built pursuant to a BOMT contract estimated by a technical appraisal. These costs are amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining estimated life of the pipelines, as follows:

BOMT Contract	Annual rate	Period
Transgås BOMT Contract (Mariquita – Cali Gas pipeline)	1.81%	55 years

Prepaid O&M expenses under BOMT contracts – Corresponds to the payments made in advance covering operating and maintenance costs of gas pipelines according to the build, operate, maintain and transfer ("BOMT") contracts. Such costs are amortized using the straight-line method during the remaining lives of the BOMT contracts, as follows:

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BOMT Contract	Annual rate	Period
September 1997		
Transgås BOMT Contract (Mariquita - Cali Gas pipeline)	9.61%	10.4 years

Preoperating expenses - These correspond to the amounts paid for incorporation expenses, commissions, fees and legal expenses incurred to structure the acquisition of the Empresa Colombiana de Gas ("Ecogas") business. Preoperating expenses are amortized using the straight-line method over a period of five years.

Impairment of BOMT rights – These correspond to the impairment of the intangibles under BOMT contracts, based on the difference between their appraised value and their carrying value. The impairment is first recorded against the surplus associated with the individual assets or class of assets within equity, if any, and any decrease in excess of the existing surplus is charged against income.

Rights of way - Rights of way are amortized using the straight-line method based on an estimated useful life of 65 years (1.54% annual).

- Hedging instruments- EEB and TGI conducts transactions with derivative financial
  instruments with the purpose of reducing its exposure to exchange rate fluctuations in its
  foreign-currency liabilities. These contracts are adjusted on a monthly basis to their market
  value through the income statement.
- m. Labor obligations Correspond to the obligations for mandatory and voluntary employee benefits under applicable labor agreements, as well as employee severance, interest on severance, seniority bonuses, vacation accruals and contributions for social security.
- n. Retirement and pension obligations Represents the present value of all future allowances that the Company will pay to those employees that have fulfilled or that will fulfill certain legal requirements regarding age, time of service and others, determined on the basis of actuarial studies that the Company obtains every year, in accordance with regulations issued by the Colombian Financial Superintendence, without the specific investment of funds.

For employees covered by the social security regime (Law 100 issued in 1993), the Company covers its pension obligation through the payment of contributions to "Colpensiones" and/or to the Private Pension Funds, under the terms and conditions provided for in the aforementioned law.

 Supplementary benefits other than retirement pensions—The EEB and EEC record the liability for benefits supplementary to retirement pensions, such as medical services and education that the retirees are entitled to, in accordance with actuarial calculations performed by an independent actuary. As a result, the liability which, at present value, covers the estimated obligation for these benefits is being recorded as of the date of the closing of the period and charged to results.

- p. Collections on behalf of third parties Correspond to the obligations resulting from collection of taxes, contributions and other items in favor of public entities, based on legal regulations. Mainly include the transportation tax, industries contribution and development quota.
- q. Income tax provision The Companies determine the current provision for income taxes based upon the taxable income estimated pursuant to the tax law. The effect of temporary differences that implies the payment of a lower or greater tax in the current year, calculated at current rates, is recorded as deferred tax asset or liability, as applicable, provided that there is reasonable expectation that those differences will reverse in the foreseeable future.
- Equity tax The Companies have recorded the equity tax expenses as a deferred other asset to be amortized on a straight-line basis during four years.
- Memorandum accounts Mainly include the contingent rights and obligations and the differences between book and fiscal figures and other memorandum accounts.
- t. Revenue recognition -

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EEB, EEC and CALIDDA - Sales are recognized in the period when the services are rendered.

TGI- Revenues from the sales of gas transportation services are recorded based on output delivery and capacity provided at rates as specified under contract terms.

Revenues include un-invoiced amounts for which services have been provided, but have not been billed at period-end. These amounts are included in current assets, as accounts receivable.

- u. Use of estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Colombian GAAP requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- Net income per share Determined based on the subscribed and fully paid in shares at the end of the period.
- w. Statements of cash flows The statements of cash flows were prepared using the indirect method, which includes the reconciliation of annual net income or loss to net cash provided by operating activities.
- x. Cash equivalents For purposes of presentation in the statement of cash flows, the Company classifies current temporary investments within cash equivalents.

y. Convenience translation to U.S. dollars - The U.S. dollar amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been translated from the Colombian peso solely for the convenience of the readers at the exchange rate of Col\$1,926.83 per U.S. dollar as of December 31, 2013. Such translations should not be construed as representations that the Colombian peso amounts represent or have been or could be converted into U.S. dollars at that rate or any other rate.

Convergence to International Financial Reporting Standards - According to the provisions of Law 1314 of 2009 and regulatory Decree 2784 of December 2012, the Company has the obligation to initiate the convergence process of accounting principles generally accepted in Colombia to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). For this purpose, the Technical Council of Public Accounting issued the Strategic Guidelines classifying the companies into three groups.

Given that the Company belongs to Group 1 the mandatory transition period starts on January 1, 2014 and the issuance of the first comparative financial statements under IFRS will be December 31, 2015.

Derived from Decree 2784 of December 28, 2012, the Financial Superintendence of Colombia issued Circular Letter No. 10 of 2013 whereby it indicates that the Company must present an implementation plan to IFRS before February 28, 2013.

During year 2013 the Company performed the activities of preparation and adaptation of technical and human resources in order to carry out the process of convergence to International Financial Reporting Standards in accordance with legal requirements

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2	2012		2013
Cash Banks Cash equivalents	Col\$	106 397,292 40,122	ColS	79 975,882 308,168
	ColS	437,520	Col\$	1,284,129
3. TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS				
Term deposit certificates Bonds and securities Mortgage securities Trust rights	Col\$	88,800 50,846 467 79,171	ColS	145,041 53,370 - 165,624
	Cols	219,284	Col\$	364,035

### 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	2012		2013	
Customers	ColS	268,782	ColS	320,720
Related parties (See note 13)		158,714		170,899
Prepayments and advances (1)		98,152		107,026
Taxes advances and contributions (2)		73,823		120,244
Deposits (3)		55,063		59,606
Sundry debtors (4)		107,434		.123,362
Other accounts receivable		760		760
		762,728		902,617
Less - Long-term accounts receivable	-	(99,125)	3	(168,782)
		663,603		733,835
Less - Allowance for doubtful		The section is a section		
accounts		(86,021)	-	(91,383)
Short-term accounts receivable	ColS	577,582	Col\$	642,452

(1) As of December 31, 2013 it mainly corresponds to advances on agreements delivered by TGI \$13,886 (\$10,785 as of December 31, 2012), advances granted by TRECSA to contractors for \$46,625 (\$73,788 as of December 31, 2012) for the performance of works in Guatemala, advances on agreements delivered by CONTUGAS for \$13,934 for works related to the construction of the concession, and advances to suppliers for the projects Armenia, Tesalia, Alferez and Chivor of EEB for \$29,176 (\$10,320 as of December 31, 2012).

(2)	Corresponds to:				
	Prepaid taxes (a)	Col\$	71,551	ColS	117,284
	Industry and commerce tax		396		416
	Other	-	1,876		2,544
		Col\$	73,823	Cols	120,244

(a) As of December 31, 2013 it mainly corresponds to balances in favor of the general sales tax generated in Calidda for \$31,855 (\$26,946 as of December 31, 2012), Contugas for \$25,366 (\$13,196 as of December 31, 2012) and Treesa for \$34,833 (\$21,534 as of December 31, 2012), which is generated by the acquisition of goods and services that will be offset with future billings taxed.

#### (3) The deposits correspond to:

Court deposits	ColS	28,125	ColS	51,412
Collecting accounts		20,809		
Guarantee deposits		1,935		2,241
Trust rights		4,194		4,142
Retained funds		·		1.811
	ColS	55,063	Col\$	59,606

(4)	The balance	of sundry	debtors	corresponds to:
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	8	2012		2013
Pension contributions Pension shareability Fees receivable internal facilities Sale of assets Loans to employees Claims Other debtors	ColS	18,110 15,377 32,563 106 23,932 11,494 5,852	Col\$	19,78 15,43 45,82 11: 33,69 4: 8,46
	Cols	107,434	ColS	123.36
The following is the rollforward of the allowance fo	r doubtful accou	ints:		
Beginning balance Provisions Recoveries Write-offs	Col\$	73,496 15,485 (2,190) (770)	ColS	86,021 7,441 (616) (1,463)
Ending balance	Col\$	86,021	Col\$	91,383
NVENTORIES				
Storehouses (1) Inventory held by third parties Inventory in transit	Col\$	210,395 106 4,818	Col\$	102,212 190 2,338
		215,319		104,740
Less - Allowance for obsolescence		(2,893)		(4,557)
	ColS	212,426	ColS	100,183
(1) As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 it corresponds to the	inventory of materi	als distributed	as follow	's;
Calidda TGI Treesa EEB Contugás	ColS	32,069 31,481 125,201 10,651 6,262 4,731	Col\$	39,400 32,806 - 9,694 13,559 6,753
EEC		4,721		- Manager

The movement of the inventory provision is as follows:

		2012	2013		
Initial balance Provisions Recovery	Col\$	3,131 487 (725)	Col\$	2,893 1,715 (51)	
Final balance	ColS	2,893	ColS	4,557	
6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET					
Depreciable: Buildings Plants, ducts, substations and gas pipelines Transmission network, lines and cables Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Communication and computing equipment Transportation equipment Other assets  Total depreciable  Less: Accumulated depreciation  Property, plant, and equipment impairment provision	Col\$	77,027 3,409,619 462,998 26,820 9,603 28,130 4,762 239 4,019,198 (593,700) (100,673) 3,324,825	ColS	130,648 3,458,379 509,299 32,744 16,037 32,138 5,550 365 4,185,160 (707,872) (164,282) 3,313,006	
Non-depreciable: Land Construction-in-process Internal communications roads Unproductive assets		18,297 150,108 81 659 169,145 3,493,970	Cols	20,600 419,215 661 440,476 3,753,482	

## 7. PERMANENT INVESTMENTS

		2012		2013
Shares	Col\$	1,770,161	Col\$	1,813,715
Less - Valuation allowance for investments 2	<u> 6/11/2/2</u>	(2,829)		(2,800)
	ColS	1,767,332	Col\$	1,810,915

Investments made in shares as of December 31, 2012, correspond to:

	Number of Shares	Percentage of Stock		Cost		aluation note 9)
Emgesa S.A. E.S.P. (1)	76,710,851	51.51%	ColS	990,516	ColS	1,958,740
Codensa S.A. E.S.P. (1)	68,036,719	51.51%		261,978		1,347,414
Consorcio Transmantaro S.A.	232,285,704	40.00%		140,859		50,289
Red de Energia del Perú S.A.	28,864,000	40.00%		79,620		95,759
Gas Natural S.A. E.S.P.	9,229,121	24.99%		47,640		268,398
Promigás S.A. E.S.P. (2)	20,784,813	15.64%		184,990		47,463
Isagén S.A. E.S.P.	68,716,000	2.52%		34,611		137,693
Interconexión Eléctrica S.A. E.S.P.	18,448,050	1.67%		21,462		158,370
Electrificadora del Meta S.A. E.S.P.	31,026	16.23%		4,077		33,610
Gestión Energética S.A. E.S.P.	161,811,391	0.04%		2,662		000000
Electrificadora del Caribe S.A. E.S.P.	18,781,876	0.04%		1,013		*
Banco Popular S.A.	8,772,703	0.11%		599		1,755
Hidrosogamoso S.A. E.S.P.	1	0.70%		20		
Aguas de Bogotá S.A. E.S.P.	10	0.07%		11		*
Grupo Nutresa	223	0.00%		-		6
Concentra Intelligence Energy	84.000	0.00%		84		-
Other minor	-			19		9

Investments made in shares as of December 31, 2013, correspond to:

	Number of Shares	Percentage of Stock	C	Cost		aluation e note 9)
Emgesa S.A. E.S.P. (1)	76.710.851	51.51%	ColS	990,516	ColS	2,002,636
Codensa S.A. E.S.P. (1)	68.036.719	51.51%		261,978		1,361,541
Consorcio Transmantaro S.A.	232.285,704	40.00%		153,494		71,344
Red de Energía del Perú S.A.	28.864.000	40.00%		86,762		50,870
Gas Natural S.A. E.S.P.	9.229.121	24.99%		47,640		276,878
Isagén S.A. E.S.P.	68.716.000	2.52%		34,611		189,241
Interconexión Eléctrica S.A. E.S.P.	18.448.050	1.67%		21,462		141,755
Electrificadora del Meta S.A. E.S.P.	31.026	16.23%		4,077		34,366
Gestión Energética S.A. E.S.P.	161.811.391	0.04%		2,662		

	Number of Shares	Percentage of Stock	Cost	Revaluation (See note 9)
Electrificadora del Caribe S.A. E.S.P.	18.781.876	0.04%	1.013	
Banco Popular	8.772,703	0.11%	599	2,127
Hidrosogamoso S.A. E.S.P.	1	0.70%	20	
Aguas de Bogotá S.A. E.S.P.	10	0.07%	11	94
Grupo Nutresa	223	0.00%		6
Concentra Intelligence Energy	84.000	0.00%	84	3
Promigás S.A. E.S.P. (2)	171.821.067	15.64%	208,768	31,341
Other minor	-	0.00%	18	0
			Col\$ 1,813,715	Col\$ 4.162.114

- Out of the total number of shares of Codensa S.A. E.S.P. and Emgesa S.A. E.S.P.. 20,010,799 and 20,952,601, respectively. Correspond to non-voting stock with a preferential dividend of US\$ 0.10 per share to Codensa S.A. E.S.P. and US\$0.1107 per share to Emgesa S.A. E.S.P.
- (2) In the meeting of Directors held on June 5, 2012, the spin-off of AEI Promigas Ltd., AEI Promigas Holdings Ltd. and Promigas Investments Ltd. was approved, in order to make independent the participation of EEB in Promigas S.A. E.S.P., through the creation of the affiliate EEBGAS LTD., which acquired 30% of the assets. liabilities, equity, income and expenses of each one of those companies, maintaining 15.64% of the participation in Promigas S.A. ESP.

A summary of the dividends and interest received is as follows:

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	2	012	2	013
Dividends earned:				
Codensa S.A. E.S.P.	ColS	69,624	ColS	264,951
Emgesa S.A. E.S.P.		345,963		405,659
Gas Natural S.A. E.S.P.		63,726		62,630
Interconexión Eléctrica S.A. E.S.P.		4,095		3,468
Banco Popular		204		155
Isagén S.A. E.S.P.		5,291		4,762
Electrificadora del Meta S.A. E.S.P.		5,315		5,857
Promigás S.A. E.S.P.		30,324		62,296
Red de Energia del Perú S.A.	9			61.148
Subtotal dividends earned		524,542		870,926
Financial interest earned	3 <u></u>	60,956		49,195
	Col\$	585,498	ColS	920,121
8. OTHER ASSETS, NET				
Goodwill (1)	ColS	413,002	ColS	413,002
Rights paid for Ecogás		318,191		318,191
Prepaid expenses		3,778		7,044

		2012		2013
Other intangible assets beyond BOMT contracts		933,122		979,481
Concessions		966.686		1,434,834
Intangibles		57,287		57,287
Other rights 2		28,681		31,253
Deposits given under management -pensions		193,855		173,283
Prepaid O&M expenses under BOMT contracts		44,882		35,878
Deferred charges		176,186		177,540
Deferred tax		82,546		84,159
Trust rights		940		1,204
Other assets	<u>ن</u>	143,392		180,503
		3,362,548		3,893,659
Less- Accumulated amortization	_	(432.488)		(562,538)
Less - Current portion	_	(4.718)		(20,023)
	ColS	2,925,342	Col\$	3,311,098
(1) As of December 31, 2012 and 2013, the balances are as fol	lows:			
Transcogás- Goodwill	Col\$	42,531	ColS	42,531
Consorcio Transmantaro- Goodwill	255-716-80	69,368	0010	69,368
EEC- Goodwill		14,390		14,390
EEB Perú Holding – Goodwill		25,729		25,729
Promigás – Goodwill		260,984		260,984
	Col\$	413,002	ColS	413,002
9. REVALUATION OF ASSETS				
Investments (See note 7)		Col\$ 4,099,50	06 Col\$	4,162,114
Property, plant and equipment		845.8		1,186,297
		Cols 4,945,3	17 Cols	5,348,411

EEB – The technical appraisal of property, plant and equipment was prepared on December 31, 2013 by Consultores Unidos S.A., under the methodology of replacement costs and market values, net of depreciation.

TGI - The technical appraisal of property, plant and equipment was prepared on December 31, 2013 by TF Asesores y Auditores Ltda.

#### 10. FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS

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		Maturity				
4	Interest Rate	Date		2012		2013
Senior Notes EEB (1)	6.125% SV	10/11/2021	ColS	1,087,796	ColS	1,455,473
Senior Notes TGI (2)	5.70% SV	20/03/2022		1,347,170		1.468,004
Senior Notes CALIDDA (3)	4.375% SV	15/03/2023				623,746
IFC, CAF e ICF	Libor + 5.2% - 7%	15/10/2019		215,551		0000100
Citibank del Perù	Libor + 3.15%	15/04/2020		53,492		99
Corporación Andina Fomento CAF (4)	Libor + 1.6%	30/05/2020		177,147		179,220
Banco de Bogotá	DTF + 1%	23/02/2014		50,367		
Banco de Bogotá	5.53% EA	10/02/2014				59,249
Banco AV Villas	4.57% EA	10/02/2014		-		20,015
Promigás	Libor + 1.6%	16/03/2014		39,728		
Kreditansantal Fur Wiederaufbau	5.5%	30/06/2013		699		
BBVA Banco Continental	3.93% EA	17/01/2013		91,886		1.0
Syndicated I Contugás	Libor + 3.15%	28/02/2014		99,021		- 52
Syndicated IJ Contugás (5)	Libor + 3.5%	30/09/2019		12000		500,078
Banco Agrario	5,97% EA	02/01/2013		20,016		
Banco AV Villas	6.32% EA	62/01/2013		18,446		
Leasing				1,350		12,689
Other		-		1,320		23
				3,203,989	A: OE	4,318,497
Less - Current portion			22-10-	(259,391)		(124,456)
			ColS	2.944.596	ColS	4.194.041

(1) In session number 61 of the Shareholders Assembly, which took place on October 7, 2011, authorization was imparted to undertake the issuance of bonds under Rule 144A. Regulation S. to exercise the call of the bonds issued by EEB International Ltd. in October 2007, in the amount of USD\$610 million, without increasing the external indebtedness of the Company.

On November 3, 2011, the Empresa de Energia de Bogotá S.A. ESP, made the placement of the bonds on the international market in the amount of USD\$610 million, at a rate of 6.125% and with a 10 year term, making the call option effective and on December 6, 2011, EEB International made use of the call option of the bond and paid up the entire obligation.

In November 2013 was made a reopening of the bond issue for USD\$139 million, at a rate of 6.125% biannually in arrears with the same expiration as the initial issue.

(2) At the Board of Directors meeting held on December 16, 2011, the Directors approved various debt management operations whereby the senior credit obtained with HOLLANDSCHE BANK-UNIE N.V. (now ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND -RBS) dated October 3, 2007, with identical terms to the bonds issued by TGI International Ltd. on the same date, substituted by one or several issues of international bonds issued directly by TGI for up to USD\$750 million. From March 2, 2012 and April 6, 2012, the above mentioned bonds were paid and TGI made the placement of the bonds in the international market for a value of USD\$750 million (\$1,347,170 as of December 31, 2012) including interest at the rate of 5.7% and a term of 10 years, enforcing the call option of the Bond.

- (3) In March 2013, Calidda made a placement of bonds in the international market for US\$ 320 million under rule 144 /Reg S; it was materialized in April with the liquidation of the funds, of which the Company used part to prepay the total of its debt recorded as of December 2012; the loans with the International Finance Corporation (IFC), Corporación Andina de Fomento (CAF), Infrastructure Crisis Facility Debt Pool (ICF) and Citibank del Perú S.A. were fully prepaid, as well as subordinated loan from shareholders. The bond issue was made in a term of ten years, without guarantees and with a coupon rate of 4.375%. The Company has an international credit rating of BBB- by Fitch Ratings, BBB- by Standard & Poor's and Baa3 by Moody's. With the rest of the proceeds from the issue of bonds, the Company plans to finance its investment plans of years 2013 and 2014.
- (4) As part of the restructuring process of the financial obligations in May 2008, the Company processed a loan with Corporación Andina de Fomento CAF, at an interest rate of Libor + 1.6% biannually in arrears, and amortizations of principal in 14 biannual installments as of year 2013. This operation was made to substitute the credit contracted with ABN AMRO BANK for USD\$100 million.
- (5) On September 30, 2013, Banco Davivienda S.A., Corporación Andina de Fomento, Banco de Bogotá (Panamá) S.A. and Banco de Bogotá (Nassau) Limited (hereinafter "the lenders") agreed to grant to the Company a loan for US\$310 million of which US\$110 million correspond to Banco Davivienda S.A., US\$135 million correspond to Corporación Andina de Fomento, US\$52 million correspond to Banco de Bogota (Panama) S.A. and US\$13 million to Banco de Bogota (Nassau) Limited. The term is of 72 months and the principal is payable 100% at the end of the 72 months (bullet) plus the compensatory interest earned as of that date.

The disbursements of this loan are made gradually according to the monthly cash flow needs, until the US\$310 million are completed at the request of the Company during an availability period (up to December 31, 2014). During 2013 US\$258 million were disbursed.

This loan earns an interest of Libor at 180 days plus 3.50%. Additionally the Company must pay a commitment commission of 0.90% effective annual for the amount not disbursed of the loan. Also, upon the signature of the agreement the Company paid the amount of the financial commission equivalent to 0.90% of the total loan. Payments of interest and commissions will be made biannually.

The funds obtained from this loan are intended mainly to the payment of the syndicated bridge loans (for COP \$216 million in favor of Banco Davivienda S.A., Banco de Bogota, S.A., New York Agency, Banco de Bogota S.A. Panama and Banco de Credito del Peru), plus the financing of the remaining investment to complete the project.

As of December 31, 2013, long-term debt maturities are as follows:

Year	Amount		
2014 2015	COPS	27,925 27,957	
2016 and thereafter	-	4,138,159	
	COPS	4,194,041	

Covenants – EEB and TGI, entered into the following commitments to incur in certain activities, under the provisions contained in the Indenture for the issue:

#### EEB -

- EEB's consolidated net debt to consolidated EBITDA ratio must not exceed 4.5:1.0.
- EEB's consolidated EBITDA to consolidated interest expense ratio must not be lower than 2.25:1.0.

#### TGI-

TGI's net debt to EBITDA ratio must not exceed 4.8:1.0.

In the event that any of the previous commitments are not fulfilled, the Company and its subsidiaries would be subject to the following limitations:

- EEB and its subsidiaries must not create, incur, assume or allow the existence of any lien on any property or asset, profit or income (including accounts receivable) or rights with respect to any of such.
- EEB and its subsidiaries must not merge or consolidate with any other corporation.
- EEB and its subsidiaries must not engage in any business other than the business of the same general type presently conducted by EEB.
- EEB and its subsidiaries must not create or acquire any subsidiary, or make any investment in another corporation, except related investments in the ordinary course of business.
- EEB and its subsidiaries must not dispose of any assets, except:
  - Sales of inventories, damaged, obsolete, used, nonproductive or surplus assets, waste and investments in the ordinary course of business.
  - That a consideration be received, that at least 75% of this consideration is represented in cash or temporary investments, and that in the following 270 days, it be used to pay up debt or to be reinvested in assets.
  - Other disposals for a consideration that does not exceed, individually or jointly, USD\$30,000,000 (or their equivalent in other currencies) per year.
- EEB and its subsidiaries must not incur any debt and must not guarantee any obligation in favor of a third party.

In addition, EEB and its subsidiaries must not make any changes in the accounting treatment and practices of financial reports or in the treatment of taxes, except as required or permitted by Colombian GAAP, consistently applied during the period. As of November 2012 EEB has investment grade rating (BBB-AAA Col) granted by Fitch Ratings and Moodys and Standard and Poor's, therefore the above restrictions do not have effect.

The above restrictions will have no effect if TGI is rated as investment grade, for at least two (2) of the credit rating agencies, situation in which TGI fulfilled the year 2013.

#### 11. HEDGING INSTRUMENTS

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On November 6, 2008, EEB entered into a hedge operation that consisted of a swap coupon (exchange of coupons), through which EEB receives an 8.75% interest rate in dollars on the amount of USD\$133 million, and undertakes to pay a fixed 10.85% interest rate in pesos on a notional amount of \$311,220 (equivalent to the USD\$133 million, converted at a \$2,340.00 spot exchange rate). As a result of the debt management operation whereby the loan with the Royal Bank of Scotland – RBS was paid in advance and the repurchase option of the EEB International Ltda. bond was exercised, EEB undertook the issuance of a new bond with a due date in 2021, and modified the hedge operation with the following conditions: EEB receives a 6.125% interest rate in dollars on an amount of USD\$133 million and commits itself to pay an 8.78% fixed interest rate in pesos on a notional amount of \$311,220 (equivalent to the USD\$133 million, converted at a spot exchange rate of \$2,340.00), with a November 2014 due date.

TGI- In order to mitigate the effect of the exchange rate fluctuations on the debt in U.S. dollars acquired by the issue of bonds in the international capital market in January 2009 and July 2010 (the latter liquidated in October and November 2011) hedge operations were carried out. These operations consist of the combination of swaps and forwards whereby the Company agrees to pay as of 2011 a coupon rate of 2% on the notional amount converted into pesos at the spot rate previously defined by the Company and exchange pesos for U.S. dollars at the forward rate quoted by the other party on the expiration date. These agreements are adjusted monthly to their market value and the valuation adjustment is recorded in the profit and loss account.

The values of the hedging instruments are as follows:

	2012	2013
Rights on hedging instruments Obligations on hedging instruments		9,153) Col\$ (383,783) 9,166 615.292
	24	0,013 231,509
Less - Current portion		- (11,306)
	Col\$ 24	0,013 Col\$ 220,203

## 12. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	2	012	2	2013
Local suppliers Sundry creditors Dividends payable  Deposits received from third parties Advances Related parties – (Note 13) Taxes Other	Col\$	173,453 68,181 277 30,045 1,848 2,368 84,636	Col \$	185,622 70,632 305 12,442 3,097 5,564 52,058 3,093
Less- current portion		360,808 (290,553)		332,813
	Cols	70,255	Col\$	13,815
13. RELATED PARTIES				
Assets: Accounts receivable – (Note 4) Codensa S.A. E.S.P. Emgesa S.A. E.S.P.	Col\$	3,764 482 4,246	ColS	3,644 535 4,179
Dividends payable: Codensa S.A. E.S.P. Emgesa S.A. E.S.P. Promigås S.A. E.S.P.	Col\$	58,443 85,382 10,643	Col\$	65,810 100,910
	Cols	154,468 158,714	Col\$	166,720 170,899
Liabilities: Accounts payable (Nota 12) Codensa S.A. E.S.P. Emgesa S.A. E.S.P.	Cols	1,439 929	Col\$	1,316 4,248
	Col \$	2,368	Col \$	5,564

The effect on operations of the transactions with related parties described in Note 7 is as follows:

	2	012	2	2013
Revenues: Emgesa S.A. E.S.P. Codensa S.A. E.S.P.	ColS	2,344 1,579	Col\$	2,347 1,845
-2	ColS	3,923	ColS	4,192
Dividend income: Codensa S.A. E.S.P. Emgesa S.A. E.S.P. Promigas S.A. E.S.P.	S	69,624 345,963 30,323	S	264,951 405,659 62,296
	Col\$	445,910	ColS	732,906
Cost and expenses Emgesa S.A. E.S.P. Codensa S.A. E.S.P.	ColS	31,455 15,388	Col\$	37,089 14,918
	Cols	46,843	ColS	52,007

Commitments: The Company is guaranter of the financial obligations acquired by Contugas in August 2012 and those acquired by Consorcio Transmantaro S.A. in 2011 and 2009.

#### 14. COLLECTIONS ON BEHALF OF THIRD PARTIES

Development quota	ColS	1,751	ColS	1,512
Transportation tax		7,519		12,175
Ariari Gas pipeline		2,558		2,714
Other	<u> </u>	1,258		758
	ColS	13,086	Cols	17,159

Development quota – Corresponds to 3.0% of the rate that the Affiliates Transcogás and TG1 collected from customers for the gas effectively transported in accordance to the Law 401 of 1997. Development quota is transferred to the Ministry of Mines and Energy.

Transportation tax – By delegation of the Ministry of Mines and Energy, quarterly basis consignors are billed for the transportation tax established by the code of petroleum. Decree No.1056 of 1953 and based upon resolutions issued by the Ministry, payments are made to the municipalities through which the gas pipelines run based upon the gas quantity transported.

#### 15. PROVISIONS

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	2012 2	013
Provisions for contingencies Other provisions	Col\$ 61,498 Col\$ 74,363	74,434 64.068
36. PX	135,861	138,502
Less - Short-term provisions	(50,528)	(65,259)
	Col\$ 85,333 Col\$	73,243

Group action – A group action was filed in 2001 against EEB, Emgesa and the CAR (Corporación Autónoma Regional) for the alleged damages caused by the environmental damage produced in the Muña Dam.

Currently, the Company is complying with a ruling issued by the Higher Court of Bogotá resulting from a popular/class action lawsuit that ordered EEB to proceed and adopt the technical and legal measures necessary to mitigate the environmental impacts that the Muña Dam generates on the population of Sibaté.

In order to take care of this process EEB, Emgesa and Empresa de Acueducto y Alcantarillado de Bogota (EAAB), convened in 2003, a panel with recognized international experts on the subject of water purification who recommended a technical methodology for environmental and landscaping recovery of the Muña Reservoir.

According to conclusions and recommendations indicated by the panel of experts, EEB jointly with Emgesa submitted to the Administrative Court of Cundinamarca a Compliance Pact which was approved, as evidenced in the first instance judgment.

The technical evolution of the works that formed a part of the Compliance Pact indicated the need to carry out some modification to its contents; therefore, a Second Panel of Experts was convened again in 2005, the modifications were debated set out and approved by the verification committee convened by the Reporting Magistrate of the first instance judgment.

Currently a rigorous maintenance plan is being carried out as ordered by the court ruling of first instance until further ruling by the State Council.

Finally, it is necessary to mention that these type of legal actions given their nature, are difficult to quantify, since what it is intended by them is the performance of activities aimed at mitigating the vulnerability of a collective right and the purpose is not economic in nature.

Contingencies – As of December 31, 2013, the value of the claims of the Company and its Affiliates for administrative, tax, civil, labor and arbitration litigations amount to \$185,998 (\$161,951 as of December 31, 2012). Based on the evaluation of the probability of success in the defense of these cases, it has provisioned \$74,434 (\$61,498 as of December 31, 2012) to cover the probable losses for these contingencies.

The Company's management estimates that the results of the litigation corresponding to nonprovisioned portions shall be favorable to the Company's interests and will not result in significant losses if any that would significantly affect the Company's financial position.

## 16. RETIREMENT PENSIONS AND SUPPLEMENTARY BENEFITS

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	2	012	2	013
Actuarial estimate of retirement pensions	ColS	304,852	Col\$	291,730
Less – current portion		(32,639)		(31,091)
CONSTRUCT ACCOUNT FOR CONTROL TO ACCOUNT ACCO	Col\$	272,213	Col\$	260,639
Expenses for retirement pensions are as follows:				
Pension payments (retired employees)	Cols	25,575	ColS	25,260

The value of the pension liability as of December 31, 2012 and 2013 is determined based upon an actuarial estimate. Such estimate was made by and independent actuary.

For EEB an annual nominal rate of 2.99% and an actual rate of 4.8% were taken into account and the number of people covered in the actuarial calculation for 2013 and 2012 were 1,753 and 1,874.

For EEC a discount rate was used to quantify the contingent labor liability and its cost of 7.25% annual and the rate of increase to pensions is equivalent to the inflation defined at 3% and the number of people covered in the actuarial calculation for 2012 and 2013 was of 321.

EEB and EEC recorded the liability corresponding to medical benefits and other additional social benefits for employees supplemental to pensions as follows:

Supplementary benefits other than retirement pensions	Col\$	35,519	Col\$	41,547
Less - Current portion		(4,256)	5	(4,256)
	Col\$	31,263	Col\$	37,291

#### 17. OTHER LIABILITIES

	2012	2013
Income received in advance Deferred tax	Col\$ 14,001 161,731	Col\$ 23,125 198,542
Other 2	103	
	175,835	221,667
Less - current portion	(502)	(9,464)
	Col\$ 175,333	ColS 212,203

#### 18. TAXES

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The income tax Colombian rate applicable for the year 2013 is 25%. For 2012 the rate was of 33%. The reduction in the rate for 2013 was provided by law 1607 of December 2012, which is applicable to the net income or the presumptive income, whichever is higher.

The same law creates the income tax for equality - CREE with a rate of 9%, which entered into force as of January 1, 2013

The detail of the provision for income tax is as follows: Current income tax	ColS	67,947	ColS	71,371
Current CREE	(2000)	•	1100000	25,408
Deferred tax		6,485		31,070
	ColS	74,432	ColS	127,849

#### 19. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Capital stock – The authorized capital stock is represented by 44,216,417,910 shares of Col\$53.60 par value each with 9.181.177.017 shares of which were subscribed and paid-in as of December 31, 2012 and 2013.

Premium in the placement of shares – The issue and placement of shares made by the Company during 2011 reported a premium of \$740,387 million in the placement of shares.

Legal reserve – The Colombian Code of Commerce requires companies to appropriate at least 10% of the net income of each year to the legal reserve until such reserve is equal to at least 50% of paid-in capital. The legal reserve is not distributable as dividends before the liquidation of the Company but it may be used to absorb net losses.

Shareholders' equity revaluation – Shareholders' equity revaluation reflects equity inflation adjustments. This amount may not be distributed as profit to the stockholders until the Company is liquidated or such value is legally capitalized. Reserve for rehabilitation, extension and replacement of systems — Given that 1997 profits benefit from the income tax exemption stated by Article 211 of the Tax Statute, these profits are appropriated within equity to a reserve account to be used exclusively for the rehabilitation extension and replacement of systems used to provide domestic public services.

Occasional reserve Article 130 of TC- In order to comply with article 130 of the Tax Code by excess of the tax depreciation deductible from the income tax, the General Stockholders' Meeting in its meeting No. 63 ordered to include \$6,363 in this reserve with charge to profits for the period January – December 2011.

Other occasional reserves —The Company has not distributed as profits in favor of the shareholders the profits obtained from the exchange difference (net), which are generated by accounting movements and have not been realized as effective gains. The General Stockholders Meeting in its meeting No. 63 ordered to include \$19,015 in this reserve with charge to profits for the period January — December 2011.

#### 20. COST OF SALES

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	2012		2013	
Energy transmission services:	\$9			
Personnel services	ColS	6,254	ColS	7,653
General costs		1,669		1,896
Depreciation		13,930		14,449
Amortization		580		417
Leases		54		129
Fees		2,918		3,281
Contributions		10,283		10,274
Maintenance orders and contracts		6,720		6,340
Public utilities		25		28
Insurance		2,011		1,755
Taxes		978		1,162
Expenses assigned to the transmission business		7.455		31.582
		52.877		78,966
Energy distributions services:				
Personnel services	Col\$	12,401	Col\$	13,429
General costs		33,163		35,662
Depreciation		6,677		8,139
Amortization		1,623		1,139
Leases		329		1,194
Fees		2,901		2,721
Maintenance orders and contracts		16,138		20,520
Taxes		3,413		3,455

	3	2012		2013
Insurance		446		399
Purchase of energy		89,115		93,881
Using lines and networks		35,043		34,949
Expenses assigned to the distributions business	( <del>)                                    </del>	39,607		35,592
		240,856		251,080
Natural gas transportation services:				
Personnel services	Co1\$	18,484	ColS	24,708
General costs		44,583		53,047
Fees		1,027		1,726
Depreciation		84,627		90,660
Amortization		29,432		30,048
Leases		9,554		11,870
Maintenance orders and contracts		52,778		43,585
Insurance		12,036		15,864
Expenses assigned to the transportation business	\ <u>-</u>	52,209		111,520
	S	304,730		383,028
Natural gas distributions services:				
Commission, fees and services	Co1\$	93,123	Col\$	114,209
General cost		32,478		47,446
Maintenance orders and contracts		183,983		326,127
Amortization		14,904		21,846
Expenses assigned to the distributions business	8-	103,636		127,854
	<u></u>	428,124		637.482
	Col\$	1,026,587	Col\$	1,350,556
21. OTHER INCOME				
Provision recovery	Col\$	56,369	ColS	94,624
Gain on sale of assets	250000	2,149	90000000	2,692
Leases		4,793		4,674
Services		2,304		6,747
Extraordinary		7,557		9,229
Hedging instruments	-	5,967	-	12,666
	ColS	79,139	ColS	130,632

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### 22. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

		2012		2013	
Personnel services	ColS	15,022	Col\$	17,394	
Imputed contributions		3,604		5,359	
Effective contributions		4,413		4,462	
Payroll contributions		402		341	
Retirement pensions (See note 16)		25,575		25,260	
Pension quota parts		26,005		357	
Studies and projects		3,241			
Fees		10,345		18,492	
Public utilities		313		268	
Advertising		3,793		2,893	
Subscriptions and affiliations		256		299	
Taxes		51,715		54,615	
Surveillance and security		960		1,483	
Communications and transportation		1,024		1,257	
Maintenance, materials and supplies		2,133		4,387	
Insurance		1,481		1,350	
Other general expenses		4,673		2,088	
Less: Expenses assigned to the transmission business		(8,239)		(22,819)	
Depreciation		991		938	
Amortization		16,009		20,744	
Provisions of property, plant and equipment		-		14,104	
Debtors provision		1,741		1,321	
Provisions of inventories		-		208	
Provision for investment protection		18		3	
Contingences provision	9	3,080	-	2,281	
	ColS	168,555	ColS	157,085	
23. FINANCIAL EXPENSES					
Interest	ColS	194,674	Col\$	193,446	
Commissions		127,272		21,684	
Hedging instruments		56,733		13,077	
Other financial expenses	-	2,362		3,044	
	Col\$	381,041	ColS	231,251	

#### 24. MEMORANDUM ACCOUNTS

		2012		2013		
Debits:	Debits:					
Contingent rights		Co1\$	227,469	ColS	211,722	
Fiscal			1,052,481		1,034,822	
Control	4	<del>5</del>	8,668	57	8,668	
			1,288,618		1,255,212	
Credits:					(%	
Contingent obliga	tions		380,270		397,305	
Control			640,917	-	838,118	
			1,021,187		1,235,423	
		Cols	2,309,805	Col \$	2,490,635	

#### 25. TAX REFORM

Following is a summary of some of the modifications to the Colombian tax regime for years 2013 and following, introduced by Law 1607 of December 26, 2012:

Income Tax – The rate on the taxable income of legal entity is modified to 25% as of January 1, 2013.

Income tax for equality – CREE (in spanish "Impuesto sobre la renta para la equidad") –
The income tax for equality is created as of January 1, 2013. This tax is calculated based on the
gross income obtained less the revenues that do not constitute income, costs, deductions,
exempt income and capital gains; at a rate of 8%. For the years 2013, 2014 and 2015 the
applicable rate will be of 9%.

Within the calculation of the taxable base of the CREE tax the offset of the income of the taxable period with tax losses or excesses of presumptive income of previous periods is not permitted.

Exoneration of Contributions – The legal entities who are filers of income tax returns are exonerated from the payment of payroll contributions in favor of the National Training Service – SENA and the Colombian Institute of Family Welfare – ICBF, corresponding to the workers who earn, individually considered, up to ten (10) minimum legal salaries in effect. This exoneration starts from the time that the withholdings systems is implemented for the collection of the income tax for equality CREE (and in any event prior to July 1, 2013).

Accounting Regulations – It is established that only for tax purposes referrals contained in tax regulations to accounting regulations, will continue in effect during the 4 years following the entry into effect of the International Financial Reporting Standards. Consequently, during the mentioned time, the tax basis of the items to be included in the tax returns will continue unchanged. In addition, the requirements of accounting treatments for the recognition of special tax situations will lose effectiveness as of the date of application of the new accounting regulatory framework.